

## Famous Love Stories



- Choose the correct article: **a, an, the**, or **no article**.
- Look up new vocabulary, then summarize the texts.
- Search the Internet about famous love stories and present one to the class. Students guess!

This was **a/an/the/-** marriage of convenience. At the age of 26 he took **a/an/the/-** fancy to **a/an/the/-** older rich woman. As time passed, he fell deeply in love with her, and she with him, but that didn't stop **a/an/the/-** adultery on both sides. However, their respect for one another kept them together, and **a/an/the/-** burning passion between them was genuine. They eventually split, as he wanted something she could not give him, an heir. Sadly, they parted ways, both bearing **a/an/the/-** love and passion in their hearts, for all eternity. (**Napoleon and Josephine**) **history**

He represents **a/an/the/-** educated aristocracy while she is **a/an/the/-** second daughter of **a/an/the/-** gentleman of modest means. Mr. Bennett has five daughters who have grown up **a/an/the/-** way they wanted, without any school education. Her irresponsible parents never thought about **a/an/the/-** future of **a/an/the/-** daughters. In Mrs. Bennett's opinion, doing well means finding **a/an/the/-** rich husband. For **a/an/the/-** man of his social stature, these principles were totally unacceptable. His future wife can only be just as polished and refined and from **a/an/the/-** prestigious family. He falls in love with her only to be refused by her initially, and then later she realizes that she can love no one but him. (**Elizabeth Bennett and Darcy**) **literature**

This is **a/an/the/-** story about partners in love and science. Unable to continue her studies in Poland because universities did not admit women, she traveled to Paris in 1891 to attend **a/an/the/-** Sorbonne. She spent all her time reading in **a/an/the/-** library or in **a/an/the/-** laboratory. She caught **a/an/the/-** eye of **a/an/the/-** director of one of **a/an/the/-** laboratories where she worked. They married in 1895 and began their famous partnership. They won **a/an/the/-** Nobel Prize for Physics in 1903 for discovering radioactivity. When he died, she carried on his work, becoming **a/an/the/-** first female teacher at **a/an/the/-** Sorbonne. In 1911 she became **a/an/the/-** first person to win **a/an/the/-** second Nobel Prize for chemistry. She continued to experiment and lecture, driven by **a/an/the/-** memory of **a/an/the/-** man she loved. (**Marie and Pierre Curie**) **science**

